§ 30.32

(c) Shipments of material in connection with construction, maintenance, and related work being done on projects for the U.S. Armed Forces. Equipment and other material shipped for temporary use on such projects and intended for return to the United States should be identified separately from construction material or other goods which will become a part of or which will be consumed in the construction or maintenance work.

§30.32 [Reserved]

§30.33 Vessels, planes, cargo vans, and other carriers and containers sold foreign.

(a) Vessels, locomotives, rail cars, ferries, trucks, other vehicles, trailers, pallets, cargo vans, lift vans, or similar shipping containers are not considered "shipped" in terms of these regulations in this part when they are moving, either loaded or empty, without transfer of ownership or title, in their capacity as carriers of merchandise or as instruments of such carriers, and Shipper's Export Declarations are not required therefor when so moving.

(b) However, Shipper's Export Dec-

larations shall be filed for such items, when moving as merchandise pursuant to sale or other transfer from ownership in the United States to ownership abroad. When a new vessel built in the United States for foreign account clears under a certificate of record (Commerce Form 1316) a Shipper's Export Declaration must be furnished by the agents or prepared by Customs for statistical purposes. If a vessel, car, vehicle, or container, whether in service or newly built or manufactured, is sold or transferred to foreign ownership while in the Customs area of the United States or at a port in such area, Shipper's Export Declarations shall be filed in accordance with the general requirements of the regulations in this part, at the port through or from which the vessel, car, vehicle, or container first leaves the United States after sale or transfer. If the vessel, car, vehicle, or shipping container is outside the Customs area of the United States at the time of sale or transfer to foreign

ownership, Shipper's Export Declara-

tions shall be filed at the last port of

clearance or departure from the United

States prior to sale or transfer. The country of destination to be shown on the Shipper's Export Declaration for vessels sold foreign is the country of new ownership. The country for which the vessel clears, or the country of registry of the vessel, should not be reported as the country of destination on the Shipper's Export Declaration unless such country is the country of new ownership.

§30.34 Return of exported cargo to the United States prior to reaching its final destination.

(a) When a vessel carrying cargo which cleared from a port in the U.S. Customs area returns to the U.S. Customs area before it reaches its destination and discharges any or all of its cargo in the United States, the Customs Director at the port of unlading shall notify the Foreign Trade Division, Bureau of the Census, of this fact. The letter of notification shall contain the following information: Name of the carrier, dates of clearance, manifest numbers assigned at the various Customs ports at which cargo was laden and the final disposition of all cargo. If the vessel returns to the port at which the cargo was originally laden, the letter of notification shall also include the bill of lading numbers shown on each export declaration filed at the time of clearance.

(b) For shipments by air where the Shipper's Export Declarations are filed at the port of lading, if it becomes necessary because of an emergency to unload part or all of the cargo at another port in the U.S. Customs area (other than the port in Puerto Rico or U.S. Possession which is its final destination), the Shipper's Export Declarations filed at the port of lading need not be cancelled if the merchandise is reladen on another plane at the second port within a reasonable time and proceeds to its country of destination. If there is unreasonable delay in reloading, the originally filed declarations should be cancelled and new declarations should be filed at the second port of lading. If for any reason, the merchandise remains permanently in the United States, the Customs Director at the first port of lading must be notified to cancel the Shipper's Export Declarations which have been filed. This provision is not intended as an exception from the requirements of §30.12 as to the place at which Shipper's Export Declarations are required to be filed; it is intended only for cases where an emergency requires an unintended unloading after the requirements of §30.12 have been met.

§§ 30.35—30.36 [Reserved]

§ 30.37 Exceptions from the requirement for reporting complete commodity detail on the Shipper's Export Declaration.

(a) Where it can be determined that particular types of U.S. Government shipments, or shipments for Government projects, are of such nature that they should not be included in the export statistics, and further, where no detriment to the export control program would be involved, special arrangements can sometimes be made to waive compliance with specific portions of the requirements of §30.7 with respect to the reporting of detailed information on the Shipper's. Export Declaration. Such exceptions will be made only upon application by the exporter and specific authorization to the Customs Director and the exporter for the particular project or shipment, approved by both the Bureau of the Census and the Office of Export Administration, and will be conditioned upon a prescribed identification which must appear upon the declarations. The particular types of shipments for which such exceptions may be possible are as follows:

(1) Shipments to a contractor under a Department of Defense or other armed service contract for the construction of facilities for the use of the U.S. armed services.

(2) Temporary exports by or to U.S. Government agencies.

(3) Shipments of supplies and material to contractors in the Panama Canal Zone for the construction and/or maintenance of the Panama Canal Zone and its facilities.

(b) Special exemptions to specific portions of the requirements of §30.7 with respect to the reporting of detailed information on the Shipper's Export Declaration may also be granted

by the Bureau of the Census with the concurrence of the Office of Export Administration for certain Department of Defense shipments, or shipments made on behalf of the Department of Defense, to foreign governments under the cash reimbursable provisions of the Mutual Defense Assistance Program (military sales), if and when arrangements have been made for the Bureau of the Census to obtain the desired stainformation tistical other through the reporting of complete commodity detail on the Shipper's Export Declaration.

§30.38 [Reserved]

§ 30.39 Authorization for reporting statistical information other than by means of individual Shipper's Export Declarations filed for each shipment.

(a) A Customs Director, if he finds that no administrative difficulties are involved, may authorize the filing of one Shipper's Export Declaration per month, in lieu of a declaration for each shipment as required by §30.6, for the following types of frequently recurring shipments by air from a single consignor from one U.S. airport to one country of destination and one port of unlading via a single airline:

(1) Newspapers and magazines.

(2) Newsreel films, mats, proofs, etc.(3) Airline timetables being shipped

by the airline.

(4) Shipments of registered carrier stores by a United States or Candian airline to each of its installations or agents abroad which are exported under General License RCS of the Export Administration Regulations set forth in §371.12(d) of this title. Such authorization will be subject to the requirement that a declaration covering all such shipments made during the month named on the declaration will be filed by the consignor with the Customs Director no later than the fifth working day of the month following the month covered, and also except for shipments under paragraph (a)(4) of this section, subject to the requirement that a Continuation Sheet or other attachment filed with the declaration will list the names of the individual consignees and the number of items shipped to each.